## ALLAMA IQBAL OPEN UNIVERSITY, ISLAMABAD

(Department of Islamic Thought, History and Culture)

### **WARNING**

- 1. PLAGIARISM OR HIRING OF GHOST WRITER(S) FOR SOLVING THE ASSIGNMENT(S) WILL DEBAR THE STUDENT FROM AWARD OF DEGREE/CERTIFICATE, IF FOUND AT ANY STAGE.
- 2. SUBMITTING ASSIGNMENT(S) BORROWED OR STOLEN FROM OTHER(S) AS ONE'S OWN, WILL BE PENALIZED AS DEFINED IN "AIOU PLAGIARISM POLICY".

Course: Ethics of Disagreement (1904) Semester: Spring, 2025

Level: BS (Islamic Studies, English Version)

# Please read the following instructions for writing your assignments. (AD, BS, BEd, MA/MSc, MEd) (ODL Mode)

- 1. All questions are compulsory and carry equal marks but within a question, the marks are distributed according to its requirements.
- 2. Read the question carefully and then answer it according to the requirements of the question.
- 3. Avoid irrelevant discussion/information and reproducing from books, study guide or allied material.
- 4. Hand written scanned assignments are not acceptable.
- 5. Upload you typed (in Word or PDF format) assignments on or before the due date.
- 6. Your own analysis and synthesis will be appreciated.
- 7. Late assignments can't be uploaded at LMS.
- 8. The students who attempt their assignments in Urdu/Arabic may upload a scanned copy of their hand written assignments (in PDF format) on University LMS. The size of the file should not exceed 5 MB.

Total Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 50

#### **ASSIGNMENT No. 1**

- Q. 1 What is the meaning of "Iftiraq" (افتراق)? Also, highlight the distinguishing points between "Iftiraq" and "Ikhtilaf". (20)
- Q. 2 Analyze the disagreement that arises from the absence of a clear text (20)
- Q. 3 Highlight the positive aspects of disagreement (20)
- Q. 4 Write a comprehensive essay on the etiquettes of disagreement in the Prophetic era (20)

Q. 5 Write a comprehensive essay on the Shariah principles and etiquettes of differing opinions. (20)

Total Marks: 100 Pass Marks: 50

## **ASSIGNMENT No. 2**

- Q. 1 Discuss the approach of the Companions of the Prophet (صحابہ کرام) in dealing with jurisprudential differences and the etiquettes derived from it.
- Q. 2 Discuss the differences in jurisprudential issues arising from the differing opinions of jurists (اصوليين) regarding the command (مر) and prohibition (نبى)
- Q. 3 Introduce the prominent principles of the Maliki (مالکی) and Hanafi (حنفی) schools of thought.
- Q. 4 Analyze the scholarly opinions that consider branch-level differences (فروعی اختلافات) as a source of mercy and vastness (20)
- Q. 5 Present practical proposals for revival and unity of the Ummah in the present era. (20)